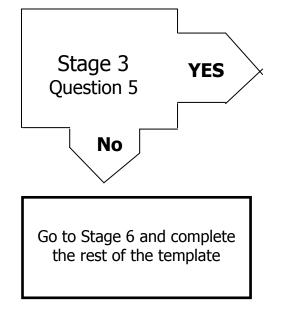
### **Equality Impact Assessment Template**

The Council has revised and simplified its Equality Impact Assessment process (EqIA). There is now just one Template. Lead Officers will need to complete **Stages 1-3** to determine whether a full EqIA is required and the need to complete the whole template.

Complete Stages 1-3 for all project proposals, new policy, policy review, service review, deletion of service, restructure etc



Continue with Stage 4 and complete the whole template for a full EqIA

- In order to complete this assessment, it is important that you have read the Corporate Guidelines on EqIAs and preferably completed the EqIA E-learning Module.
- You are also encouraged to refer to the EqIA Template with Guidance Notes to assist you in completing this template.
- SIGN OFF: All EqIAs need to be signed off by your Directorate Equality Task Groups. EqIAs relating to Cabinet Reports need to be submitted to the EqIA Quality Assurance Group at least one month before your Cabinet Report date. This group meets on the first Monday of each month.
- Legal will NOT accept any reports without a fully completed, Quality Assured and signed off EqIA.

The EqIA Guidance, Template and sign off process is available on the Hub under Equality and Diversity

Equality Imp	pact Assessment (EqIA) Template
Type of Decision: Tick ✓	Cabinet ✓ Portfolio Holder Other (explain)
Date decision to be taken:	
Value of savings to be made (if applicable):	£54k in 2016/17 and £30k in 2017/18
Title of Project:	Staffing & Support – reduction in budget & deletion of additional procurement support
Directorate / Service responsible:	Public Health
Name and job title of Lead Officer:	Carol Yarde – Interim Business Manager
Name & contact details of the other persons involved in the assessment:	N/A
Date of assessment (including review dates):	20 August 2015
Stage 1: Overview	
1. What are you trying to do?  (Explain your proposals here e.g. introduction of a new service or policy, policy review, changing criteria, reduction / removal of service, restructure, deletion of posts etc)	In 2016-17, reduction of budget by £54k  In 2017-18 removal of final £30k.  This represents a reduction in future capacity to procure value for money services. The budget was established to provide additional capacity to support the procurement of new contracts – Drug and Alcohol and School Nursing – which place additional strain on commissioning capacity as these are large exercises requiring significant resources.  Reduction in service capacity potentially prejudices future re-procurement in terms of achieving cost effective contracts because available resource will be insufficient to ensure a robust approach to provider engagement and contract negotiations.

	Residents / Service Users	<b>\</b>	Partners	✓	Stakeholders	✓
	Staff	<b>✓</b>	Age	✓	Disability	✓
<b>2.</b> Who are the main people / Protected Characteristics that may be affected by your proposals? (✓ all that apply)	Gender Reassignment	✓	Marriage and Civil Partnership	✓	Pregnancy and Maternity	~
	Race	<b>\</b>	Religion or Belief	✓	Sex	✓
	Sexual Orientation	<b>\</b>	Other	✓		
<ul> <li>3. Is the responsibility shared with another directorate, authority or organisation? If so:</li> <li>Who are the partners?</li> <li>Who has the overall responsibility?</li> <li>How have they been involved in the assessment?</li> </ul>	Procurement					

#### Stage 2: Evidence & Data Analysis

4. What evidence is available to assess the potential impact of your proposals? This can include census data, borough profile, profile of service users, workforce profiles, results from consultations and the involvement tracker, customer satisfaction surveys, focus groups, research interviews, staff surveys, press reports, letters from residents and complaints etc. Where possible include data on the nine Protected Characteristics.

(Where you have gaps (data is not available/being collated for any Protected Characteristic), you may need to include this as an action to address in your Improvement Action Plan at Stage 6)

Protected Characteristic	Evidence	Analysis & Impact
Age (including carers of young/older people)	<ul> <li>Harrow JSNA, Harrow Obesity Needs         Assessment and Strategy for young people and adults, ADPH report on physical activity, Public Health Outcomes Framework for Harrow, National Drug and Alcohol Strategies for England, relevant NICE guidance.     </li> </ul>	Is isn't possible to identify potential impacts for this proposal as this funding is for possible future work and not existing service provision.
Disability (including	As above	

carers of disabled people)		
Gender Reassignment	As above	
Marriage / Civil	As above	
Partnership		
Pregnancy and Maternity	As above	
Race	As above	
Religion and Belief	As above	
Sex / Gender	As above	
Sexual Orientation	As above	

#### Stage 3: Assessing Potential Disproportionate Impact

**5.** Based on the evidence you have considered so far, is there a risk that your proposals could potentially have a disproportionate adverse impact on any of the Protected Characteristics?

	Age (including carers)	Disability (including carers)	Gender Reassignment	Marriage and Civil Partnership	Pregnancy and Maternity	Race	Religion and Belief	Sex	Sexual Orientation
Yes									
No	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

**YES -** If there is a risk of disproportionate adverse Impact on any **ONE** of the Protected Characteristics, continue with the rest of the template.

- **Best Practice:** You may want to consider setting up a Working Group (including colleagues, partners, stakeholders, voluntary community sector organisations, service users and Unions) to develop the rest of the EqIA
- It will be useful to also collate further evidence (additional data, consultation with the relevant communities, stakeholder groups and service users directly affected by your proposals) to further assess the potential disproportionate impact identified and how this can be mitigated.

NO - If you have ticked 'No' to all of the above, then go to Stage 6

Although the assessment may not have identified potential disproportionate impact, you may have identified actions which can be taken to
advance equality of opportunity to make your proposals more inclusive. These actions should form your Improvement Action Plan at Stage 6

# Stage 4: Further Consultation / Additional Evidence

6. What further consultation have you undertaken on your proposals as a result of your analysis at **Stage 3**?

Who was consulted? What consultation methods were used?	What do the results show about the impact on different groups / Protected Characteristics?	What actions have you taken to address the findings of the consultation? E.g. revising your proposals

## Stage 5: Assessing Impact

**7.** What does your evidence tell you about the impact on the different Protected Characteristics? Consider whether the evidence shows potential for differential impact, if so state whether this is a positive or an adverse impact? If adverse, is it a minor or major impact?

Protected	Positive Impact	Adverse	e Impact	Explain what this impact is, how likely it is to happen and the extent of impact if it was to occur.	What measures can you take to mitigate the impact or advance equality of opportunity?  E.g. further consultation, research, implement	
Characteristic			Major ✓	Note – Positive impact can also be used to demonstrate how your proposals meet the aims of the PSED Stage 7	equality monitoring etc (Also Include these in the Improvement Action Plan at Stage 6)	
Age (including carers of young/older people)						
Disability (including carers of disabled people)						

Gender Reassignment									
Marriage and Civil Partnership									
Pregnancy and Maternity									
Race									
Religion or Belief									
Sex									
Sexual orientation									
8. Cumulative	Impact -	Considerin	g what else	e is happening v	within the	Yes	5	No	

	s a whole, could your proposals have a cumula Protected Characteristic?	tive		
If yes, which Protecte potential impact?	d Characteristics could be affected and what is	the		
Council and Harrow as austerity, welfare refo levels of crime) could	ct – Considering what else is happening within is a whole (for example national/local policy, orm, unemployment levels, community tensions your proposals have an impact on individuals/s health or an impact on community cohesion?	5,	No	
If yes, what is the pot	ential impact and how likely is it to happen?			
Stage 6 – Improve	ment Action Plan			
<ul><li>Positive action</li><li>Monitoring the</li><li>Any monitoring</li></ul>	itigate any adverse impact identified to advance equality of opportunity impact of the proposals/changes once they have measures which need to be introduced to ens	ure effective monitoring of your propo	osals? How often will you	do this?
Area of potential adverse impact e.g. Race, Disability	Proposal to mitigate adverse impact	How will you know this has been achieved? E.g. Performance Measure / Target	Lead Officer/Team	Target Date
N/A				
Stage 7: Public Sec				
<b>10</b> . How do your property (PSED) which requires	posals meet the Public Sector Equality Duty s the Council to:			

1. Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Equality Act 2010
2. Advance equality of opportunity between people from different groups
3. Foster good relations between people from different groups

Stage 8: Recommendation

11. Please indicate which of the following statements best describes the outcome of your EqIA ( ✓ tick one box only)

Outcome 1 − No change required: the EqIA has not identified any potential for unlawful conduct or disproportionate impact and all opportunities to advance equality of opportunity are being addressed.

Outcome 2 − Minor Impact: Minor adjustments to remove / mitigate adverse impact or advance equality of opportunity have been identified by the EqIA and these are listed in the Action Plan above.

Outcome 3 − Major Impact: Continue with proposals despite having identified potential for adverse impact or missed opportunities to advance equality of opportunity. In this case, the justification needs to be included in the EqIA and should be in line with the PSED to have 'due regard'. In some cases, compelling reasons will be needed. You should also consider whether there are sufficient plans to reduce the adverse impact and/or plans to monitor the impact. (Explain this in Q12 below)

**12.** If your EqIA is assessed as **outcome 3** explain your justification with full reasoning to continue with your

proposals.

Stage 9 - Organisational sign Off  13. Which group or committee considered, reviewed and agreed the EqIA and the Improvement Action Plan?			
Signed: (Lead officer completing EqIA)	Carol Yarde	Signed: (Chair of DETG)	Carol Yarde
Date:	20 Aug. 15	Date:	20 Aug 2015
Date EqIA presented at the EqIA Quality Assurance Group (if required)		Signature of DETG Chair	